

colorchecker CLASSIC



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I wish not to interrupt
order or make
Tumults - you
have had too ma
ny already I only
come to give you
Information on
the Subject -

I. compel it gentlemen, for your Information.
I shall take as little of your time as possible &
shall therefore make the briefest account, taking
in only the grand features leaving out the minutiae
(I spent 3 years in the Cause & I am capable of
giving Information -
1 If you vote it away in one Night - you have
voted as much before - Clergy - Chase - &c -

2 If Individuals ^{will} suffer by it - but
Individuals have suffered, Clergy &c, & must
suffer in such a Revolution

3 France will be made poorer by it
but the riches of France, ^{will} ~~will~~ increase from
this moment (Clergy Beneficiaries) in a propor-
tion never before known - from the Wisdom
of the National Assembly

Yes, worthy Men, you have
overcome the Prejudices of Ages ^{and destroyed it} in one Night -
you have done by one blow that w^d if left to
the gradual Improvement of time might have
taken 200 Years more to have brought about
- Suffer not then this last Evil to remain
alone - let not the same Pen w^h marks
it History of the Revolution to stain it -
and after all what are you doing - what is
past - remaining human misery - without
any help but with a prospect of great Advan-
tage to the Nation -

1. Consider it possible for your business to
be taken over by the Government
I shall therefore make the necessary arrangements
to transfer the business to the Government
if it is only the Government that is to be
concerned. I have not yet decided
whether to do so or not. I shall
write you again in a few days.

2. I have been thinking of
writing you for some time
but have been so busy that I
could not find time. I shall
write you again in a few days.

3. I have been thinking of
writing you for some time
but have been so busy that I
could not find time. I shall
write you again in a few days.

Complication of -
 Disease - Death
 Hungry, Starved -
 dead brought up
 4th were well
 at night -
 killed by specu-
 lation
 refuse to take
 names & die
 each over the
 and -
 vice -

Objection - no man can defend slavery because it exists
 in Africa for in Africa it is much lighter & ^{is} in
 Colonies

to take notice of the Cruelties mentioned, saying
 of human life - how they are so contrary
 to the 4th you cannot believe - Norris -

Devaux -

Separation of families & consequent
 misery

Leap is overboard / speculation in
 Lives -

In this acc^t. I have omitted to make
 mention of the nefarious conduct
 of the Whites, who have not stuck
 at blood - 1. Carrying off free People
 2 - Affairs at Calabar

Going down in health brought up dead
 killed on speculation

Not to forget to make good Use of
 American Example

~~My dear Sir~~
~~I have the honor to receive your letter of the 10th~~
~~and in reply to inform you that the same has been forwarded~~
~~to the proper authorities for their consideration~~

Be not frightened for Fear
Of the Shock

~~As the matter is now in the hands of the~~
~~proper authorities I can do nothing more~~
~~at present than to assure you that your~~
~~interests are being attended to with~~
~~the greatest care and that you will be~~
~~kept advised of the progress of the~~
~~affair as soon as it is possible to do so~~
~~I am, Sir, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant~~

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Letter 1.

I shall begin with ^{the} British Sl. Trade and Slavery because we have a more correct and settled account ^{of it than of any other opus} from an Inquiry instituted at the Request of his British Majesty by his private Council & an Enquiry at the House of Commons - The following is the substance of that Report upon ^{the} Subject - I mean (Letters of the interested & laboring ^{the} interested accounts)

by Report - Evidence at the Bar - Evidence to come and first it will neceary to begin at the Root, viz, the mode of procuring Slaves - divide it in 3 kinds - made offethy Slaves - Slaves taken, after being gotten on the Coast after the Voyages of the Colonies

Some of the Slaves to the Europeans for Exportation are such as have been born Slaves and whose Fathers before ^{they} have been in that Condition. They appear to be at the Will of ^{their} Masters, and in others, for real or imputed Crimes. There is one Circumstance however, in the Case of these, which is but little known. A Slave in Africa is in general seldom or ever beaten. he is more on an Equality with his Master. ^{He eats with him & talks freely with him as I has but a moderate Portion of Labour ^{to} perform. Hence an Argument to the Slaves, that which they left behind them is more inhuman - Many of the Exported Slaves have been taken in Africa - you are ^{not} by such Exportation exchanging only their Place of Trade and not their Condition - which is false.}

A second Order of Exported Slaves consist of ^{those} such as have become reduced into that Situation in consequence of Debts - These

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Debts have been either contracted by themselves
or 4th Relations, and so exceedingly have the Code
of Law been stretched for the furtherance of the
Slave Trade, 4th an whole Family ^{is sold} has been sold
~~for~~ because one of them has not been able to dis-
charge a Debt, contracted by himself alone,
at an appointed Time.

A third Class consist of such
as have been sentenced to Servitude in Con-
sequence of Real or imputed Crimes. But
here it is impossible not to remark that the
same Spirit of avarice, which dictated to the
Princes of Africa to make 4th Codes of Law
subservient to the Slave Trade, as we have
^{just stated} seen in the Code of Debts, has dictated to
them also, to make 4th Subservient in the
Case of Crimes. If a Man steals but an
Ear of Corn (says ^{even} one of the interested Evidence)
he is sold for a Slave; and by others it
appears that Crimes have 4th Divisions
- for if one man commit a Crime in a
large Extent to another, his whole Fa-
mily, though entirely innocent, are led
with him into Slavery.

A fourth Class consists of
such ^{have} as become Slaves, in consequence of
having been ~~taken~~ taken in War. The Wars,
in the Prosecution of which they were taken
are stated to be of two kinds. The first

arising from common Causes, such as Ambition
 or avarice, Insult or Injury, the latter as ^{understand} ~~is~~
 entirely ^{without any injury} for the purpose of procuring Slaves -
 This ^{whole} order, however, is acknowledged to be incon-
 siderable.

A fifth order consists of such as are
 as are reduced to Slavery by violence or surprise.
 This mode may be called Pillage. It is distin-
 guishable into three kinds, viz, Pillage by the
 Kings, Pillage by Banditti, or Individuals
 in Parties who adopt it as a Trade, and Pillage
 by Individuals as Occasion offers. To put this
 into Execution ^{villages are attacked in the night, private} ~~the~~ ^{the} ~~roads are beset~~ ^{the} ~~prongs of~~
 Water kept - Thus waylaid ^{entrapped} many are carried
 off, while the weak are seized upon when
 a superior force meets them and other circum-
 stances ^{usher} offer.

The sixth and last order, into which
 the Effracted Slaves are divisible, are such as
 are made so by Treachery, in which Term is to
 be ~~confidant~~ ^{implied} Confidence in the one
 and an ~~assurance of safety~~ ^{with a Prospect}
 of Advantage, and a Violation of it on
 the other. In consequence of ^{it} many
 have been enticed away under various
 Pretences of Advantage and have been
 sold into Slavery.

These are the various Methods of procuring Slaves for the Culture of the European Colonies, in Consequence of which about 80,000 ^(by y^e same Report) are annually shipped, many of whom are brought by Computation 1200 Miles from inland.

It would be a Matter perhaps by no Means sufficiently important in itself to state in this Place the Mode of Sale, the Medium of Exchange, ^{the Price, & the Diff. of Goods} the different Manner ^{with Trade & Brokers} various to the Disposal of them on board the European Ship: ^{It is the leading Feature only} that the Time will permit me to summer ^{My Plan I have proposed} ito, and I shall therefore ^{suppress} ^{immediately} ^{refer} ^{them} ^{accor} ^{ding} ^{to} ^{the} ^{same} ^{Report} ^{on} ^{board} ^{of} ^{the} ^{Ship}. ^{Let Us therefore} ^{go} ^{to} ^{them} ^{on} ^{the} ^{Voyage}

~~But and here again I shall be~~ ~~before~~ ~~but~~ ~~the~~ ~~leading~~ ~~Feature~~, ~~and~~ ~~shall~~ ~~omit~~, the Nature & Time of Meal of Exercise, Time up and below - & other Manner as before

~~The first great Evil that~~
We are taught to contemplate with Horror will be found in those Caverns which are allotted to them as Apartments in their respective Vessels. The Enemies, however to the Cause of Liberty deny ^{ed} that with us common Enquiry that such any Evil existed in the Department of which I intend to speak, and absolutely dwell at the Foot of the House of Commons on the Pleasur & Comforts of a Negroe Voyage.

Consult P. 4-

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Their own statements however ^{afterward} as delivered in
 (and such will always be the Case where People
 come with an Intention to ^{misrepresent} ~~misrepresent~~) ^{comple}
 tely ~~refuted~~ became the Means of refuting it.
 for it clearly appeared from thence that no one
 of the unfortunate Prings in those Apartments
 had ~~been a Prisoner~~ ^{not the Prisoner by Weight} of Room, independently
 of his Chains, to twin ^{himself} ~~him~~, which Rows of he
 man Bodies, ~~put~~ stowed in the same Man-
 ner were piled ^{over} ~~under~~ his Head, at such a
 Distance as not to suffer him frequently to
 sit up in an erect Posture.

It would not be difficult from
 such a Statement ~~either~~ to imagine that
 the Situation of these Unfortunate People must
 be beyond the Bounds of ordinary misery, in
 itself ~~or attended with more than ordinary~~
 Consequences. Accordingly we find from
 the disinterested Evidence ^{in y. Reports} before us, that the
 Misery which they endure there in Consequence
 of Heat Stench & other Causes is such as
 no Pen can adequately describe, ^{that there is that in the Night yelling for Air & Water,} that some
 of the unfortunate People, when brought upon
 Deck in the Morning, faint away: that
 others are brought up dead, who went below
 in perfect Health ^{but the Night before} & were consequently suffe-
 red: ^{now} and that they Concerned my Lord to
 yourself the Situation of a dead Man chained
 to a living one. What the living one must have

309
202
127

suffered also - What His unhappy Situation
 not being able to come to the chance of catching
 air ^{in the light of day} because he cannot drag the weights - He
 ged to lie on the dead Carse - ^{in an obsequy of Filth & in 40 years of} This Picture of
 the different Miseries described ^{in the voyage} is not heighten-
 ed - It is known to be far the greater Por-
 tion of Vapors in the Trade, and it must
 unavoidably be known to all, if they
 should meet with a two Days Rain in a
 Passag which is liable to it. So little my
 Lads is the Picture heighten'd, that ~~it will~~
 a worthy Member of the British Senate an
 Advocate for Truth, a Supporter of Liber-
 ty & Religion, after he had taken a fair View
 of the privy Council Report, ^{+ carried} could not help
 exclam'd in 4th House; 4th It was impos-
 sible ^{+ the evidence by them} so much misery could be ^{condensed} in
 so small a space as in the Hold of a
 Vessel -

This Observation of his was well
 made, for undoubtedly he did not forget to
 add to bodily Suffering, the Sufferings of the
 mind - undoubtedly he could not forget to
 think that they must be additionally tor-
 mented with the Thought of having been torn
 from 4th Country and Friends, as well as
 reflect that if the Means of conveying 4th
 away was so horrid the End for which they
 were so taken must be diabolical indeed.

Whether these were additionally their feelings or not, the Consequences produced are exactly as if they had flowed from Reasoning of this Kind: for it is stated in the Report that some of them have ~~left~~ leapt overboard in the River while the Vessels were lying in the River though they knew that they were leaping only into the Mouth of Sharks, and others actually at Sea where there was no Prospect but that of Death, a sure and incontrovertible Mark of the Terror wh^{ch} they entertained of their Situation and of their Abhorrence of y^r Transportation.

mad—

This is one of the Effects of the Causes mentioned. The Report however mentions other ~~part~~ ^{perhaps} and an ~~example~~ ^{example} of Wesley's the that; unable to accomplish ^{in many of them} manner now described, ~~use~~ use upon their Oppressors, with ~~that~~ ^{though} no other Prospect presents itself ^{than} that of being ~~slayd~~ ^{slay'd} ~~ted~~ ^{wh^{ch} accordingly happens} hindered by chains from accomplishing either the one or the other, determine to starve ^{of} ~~themselves~~ ^{themselves} to Death, and notwithstanding the Threats and Torments used upon them, they refuse Sufferance, and find at length that Death, which they had so anxiously sought for as the final Period of ^{their} Woos —

I should have closed my Account here of the Horrors of this dreadful Trade, but that I feel it due to myself & to all Writers upon this Subject to mention a particular Instance. We, of all others, labour under heavy ^{disadvantages}: We relate, and we know upon the best Evidence that we are absolutely relating, but the Common Occurrences of this Trade. But these Occurrences are so tragical that many disbelieve ~~as~~ It is peculiarly hard upon us, ^{as} the common Occurrences of this Trade should be so tragical, that in relating them simply as they are, we should be thought to have exceeded the Truth, and to have painted Scenes which could have had no other Foundation than in a Brain of a deranged Person, yet such is actually the Case, and I shall therefore state that an English Captain in the year 1703, Commander of a Vessel called the Long, did absolutely throw on board 132 Slaves on Speculation, and for the Purpose of defrauding the Underwriters. I select this Instance particularly, because it was ^{proved} ~~proved~~ ^{clearly} and now lies recorded in the Annals

& if another Consequence may be drawn, which will at once prove the Honorable Report's assertion in 4th Chap. page, it must be the Course of the Mission look in it by actual Death. But here the Opponents united all of their Efforts - they gave in particular Ships selected, where little or no Mortality had happened, but they were as unsuccessful as before, for in referring to the Estimate of them in the same Report, and even admitting 4th Selected Ships, and compounders, the whole, it appears, 4th 17 are lost out of every hundred. (sic) my Edition of Weeks (16)

my Lords in 4 Weeks, value of a Publick \times It is an Instance, in which
 13,660 out of 80,000 - This does not depend upon the Word of an Individ
 my Lords exceedingly dual. It is a fact substantiated and which
 Murder - if the World were to die, no Slave Merchant can deny: But if this
 in the Proposition 7 or 8 years, my Lords were actually the case, you will
 extinguish the very easily believe that I have not exagg
 alone - but rated yet, and that it would be difficult
 even this is too small - for me or any other Person to exaggerate
^{water} in future upon this Subject Consult Margin p. 8

Let us now View γ^e in the Colonies -

and when the Plan- But here a prodigious field would open from the
 ters, having lately Evidence before mentioned. I might enter into a
 attempted to melle Detail of the cruel Procep in making γ^e up for
 rat (w^{ch} in my opi- Sale - of the different and inhuman modes
 nion doing as they of Sale - of the Separation of relations forever at
 do is no melting the Wife of the Purchaser - of the Number that
 tion at all) γ^e con- die in the Seasoning - of the Food, Cloathes
 dition of that Law and ^{extensive} Labour of those who survive, but, in
 they have, in in- order to be that I shall mention them only
 producing a new as they strike me in three several Situations.
 Law ^{recapitula pre} faced it by such and first it appears, that the
 a Recapitulation of the Old, as to unhappy People are considered bonâ fide γ^e
 have states to the publick, the most absolute Property
 execrable Powers and to have shown no other Light than as Beasts of Labour, for
 that every Inor- it not only appears that they are disciplined
 mity, against or reprimed in γ^e Manner, but that their Chil
 which we have been dren like the Progeny of Cattle inherit γ^e pater
 to year so loudly nal Lot - Thus are they doomed, who Gene
 complaining, they rations of them to pass their life in silence
 so loudly denyn, like Cattle and to pass away with another
 was absolutely and without a trace that such being has
 authorized by the Colonial Code.

can exist, unless some Friendly Power had de-
clared 4th So many had lived and died —

It appears secondly, 4th that
unhappy being are without any kind Protection
being wholly at the arbitrary Discretion of a
Master. They are beaten, whipped, and la-
cerated on the most trivial Occasions and
solely at his will, and to such a Pitch has
Despotism arrived from its own Original In-
nate Power and Custom, that it is difficult
to see any of the dull Slaves in the British
Colonies without Marks of Violence on his
Person. I repeat again ^{in this respect}
they are ^{wholly} at the will of 4th Masters. The
Reports of Governours as well as of Judic-
ials declare it - If they are beaten, how
ever undeservedly there is no Individual to
whom they can complain with Effect, for
the Law absolutely provides no Re-
dress for Grievances of this kind —

The third Circumstance, which holds
them up to us in the same conspicuous Light, is
that the Law not only does not favour them in
such Cases, but is absolutely against them.
If one of them, flies from the Rod of Despotism & is
absent for six months it is Death - if one ^{is}
the Venture to ^{cut up his} tyrant when unmercifully
punished, his Hand is to be cut off - and if his
Master kills ^{him} out of Welbeing & Blood-
(6th is the Exemption) it is his first fault,
he escapes by the Payment only of a fine.
This my Lords I repeat is true - The bloody
Codes have been produced to the publick,

It w^l have been
impossible for your
Lordships to have pe-
rused these Laws to
have remarked 4th
Inconsistency as well
as well 4th Brutality
- The unhappy
Slave is considered
as a brute - he is
branded as such -
he is drited at such
- he is whipped to
his Work - he is
is in y^e same Sediti-
tion - and yet thro
very Poor on is con-
sidered as a Man - he
is considered as having
intellect, and und
enslaving, or why
punish & mutilate
him in 4th manner
or tell him of Laws
of Terror - we don't
send our Horus with
4th Ear slit, 4th Teeth
beaten out, 4th Hand
chop'd - we do
not cut off an Horus
Leg if he kicks - we
do not hang him if
he breaks Coen &
does not return for
any 4th 1000 years
six months - here
then is an Inconsis-
tency - if they are who
absolutely Cattle they
Punishment might
not to exist - and
if they are not
if they are not
to be sold and ul
held to the Law
Limitations of

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Cattle to state
of Slavery. It is
an Inconvenient
with nothing can be
conciled - and with
nothing, but so un-
natural a State as
that of Slavery could
have produced -

This is a concise Account, as collected
from the Authority above mentioned, and is
sufficient to give your Lordships an Idea
of the Principle Features of the Trade of Slavery,
but as many interested Persons throw out Ar-
guments in Defence of the System, to which
the same Authority furnishes a Complete An-
swer I cannot be so unjust to the Cause as
to close my Letter without laying y^r before
you ^{and} 1. as to the Defenders of the Trade, &
the Defenders of Slavery.

The Defenders of the Trade, make up
of the following Argument. The Slave Trade is
so far from being an Evil, as productive of evil
as to have Humanity for its Basis. The
Prisoners of War ~~who would otherwise~~ be put
to ~~death~~ would undoubtedly be put to Death
if there were no Purchasers for them: of
Course all that we buy we have the Merit
of having saved from Death -

However the
Trade is a very
humane Trade, in
as much as human
Life is preserved.

Not to mention, that very
few of the Slaves that are sold to the Europeans
are Prisoners of War, ~~and~~ that some of the
most humane People, ~~and~~ that some of the
who boast of their
bravery, from ~~without any~~ unjust inasmuch as they bear
Death, absolutely ~~without any~~ unjust inasmuch as they bear
refuse to purchase ~~without any~~ unjust inasmuch as they bear
such as are sick, I shall refer to the Privy Councils Report
Prisoners of War have
though such a fatal It is there stated, that many ~~have~~
according to y^r ~~to~~ ~~County~~ at a Time
will infer y^r ~~to~~ ~~County~~ at a Time

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Then they ^{suppose} (10) when
when they ^{were} see no vessels on the Coast and
of course no Purchasers to be found: but
are ~~these murdered~~ - The Report says posi-
tively No: and y^t they were universally
disposed of in two ways, that is, they
were either marched off to other Markets
or ~~retained~~ ^{incorporated among the} as domestics of the Vectors,
and from the same Report it appears
that when the humane ^{English} & ^{Portuguese} Slave Merchants,
have refused to purchase some that
were sickly, the Sellers were so far
from putting ^{them} to death, as to have sold
them, and to be in the Practice of selling
them to the Dutch at a cheaper Rate

The Dependence of Slavery
in their Turn make use of the follow-
ing Argument. The Colonial Slavery
is neither inhuman nor unjust any more
than the Trade. Many of the exported Slaves
have been Slaves in Africa. Vide J₂

Observations

Ask 4: Slave merchant by what Law
he receives 4: African on 4: Coast & first hands him
into Oppression - or rather why he receives those
Slaves, who have been so from 4: Birth -

He can only say, because he has
been a Slave by Birth. But the National & Gen
lly say. (Act. 1) 4: all men are born equal -
the Question is do they say w: is right? Indubitably
- there never was an Article clearer, more consis
tent with nature, justice, feeling, more true in
short than that - and they make no Exception
- they say all men - they do not except the
Negro. they know they could not - prick the
Negro and he will bleed - will not you do the
same? Punish him Flaccate him he will feel
it & Express his Pain - will not you also?
- Try his Faculties, and you will find them
human - are you more - will then with
Respect to the order alluded to, ^{the subject of Negro} those who
declare that all men are born free & equal
in their Rights - are consigning People to Slavery,
because they are born Slaves -

With respect to the Slaves in the Colonies they are I much Subjects and they form one of the Ranks of Society there and help to form one of the Testimonies of order - But say the National Assembly, the Distinctions of Society can have no other Basis than that of Common Utility.

No man can deny 4th Sub
p. etc

But is it for the general Good that this Order should exist - Is to encourage Depravity, is to generate Cruelty & Oppression on one Hand and rob the Soul of all its Qualities on the other, is to ^{insure} ~~perpetuate~~ a system of Misery, if they be for the public Good, then this Distinction is well founded -

But if it be for the general Good, that Slavery should exist as an Order it would be for the general Good, that the different Artizans & Peasants of France should be Slaves also -

But this is not the Case - Nor is it for the general Good that a Slavery should exist as an Order in the Colonies. It is on the other Hand a general Evil - it is an Evil - because free Men could perform the Task - because less free Men could perform more in the same - because this additional Produce w^d add additionally to the Revenue - increase the Number of Ships - put new Land in Cultivation - and all this without a sigh or a Groan -

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but

By Art. 3 it is said, that the Object of every political Association is the Preservation of the Natural Inalienable Rights of men (i.e.) the Object of creating or falling into these different Ranks is so - but is the Liberty of the Negroes preserved - is y^e Property secure or rather are they not Property themselves - Is their Resentment to Oppression encouraged & sanctioned - Has then the Object of such a Distinction among the Ranks, is abused, and the Planters are right or the National Assembly are wrong -

But say the Slave Merchants to the National Assembly "you, the Declaimers of Liberty, should consider us - you say y^e the Negroes should have Liberty to follow his own Pursuits - Can you then deny us the Liberty of following ours also - is this compatible with the Natural Rights of men - Yes, says, y^e National Assembly (Art. 4) we have a right to hinder you: Liberty consists in the Power of doing that w^{ch} is not hurtful to another, and so say as you that the Law cannot interfere, but as you interfere with y^e Happiness of thousands you hinder other from y^e Enjoyment of y^e same Rights we have a right to intercept your Pursuits and make a Law (if the whole Representatives concur Art. 6

For Art. 5. the Law cannot prohibit any Actions but those which are hurtful to Society

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Vertical handwritten text on the right margin, possibly a date or a reference number.